#### Question Answer Paper

Seat No.

Date 10-10-20

Marks 20

2

2

Δ

# Std 10 (English)

# **Geography**

**KIRAN TUTORIALS** 

# <u>DPP</u>

#### Time 1HRS Chapter 5.00,6.00 Q.1 Choose the right option and rewrite the sentence 1 India has a higher ..... population. a. older b. working c. children d. dependent Ans India has a higher working population. 2 ..... basin is very sparsely populated. a. Amazon b. Parana c. North coast d. Sao - Paulo Ans Amazon basin is very sparsely populated. Q.2 **Complete the Analogy** 1 Animals -Arid region : Wild Ass and Camel :: Himalayas : ..... Ans Arid region : Wild Ass and Camel :: Himalayas : Snow leopards and Yaks

2 Census count -India : start of the decade : : Brazil : .....

Ans India : start of the decade :: Brazil : end of the decade

## Q.3 Match the Correct Pairs

Column "A"		Column "B"	
i.	2 <sup>nd</sup> populated country	a.	Per 1000 males
ii.	5 <sup>th</sup> populated country	b.	Every 10 years.
iii.	Sex-ratio	C.	India
iv.	Census survey	d.	Brazil
		e.	Literacy-ratio
		f.	Medical facilities

1

i.	2 <sup>nd</sup> populated country	India
ii.	5 <sup>th</sup> populated country	Brazil
iii.	Sex-ratio	per 1000 males
iv.	Census survey	Every 10 years.

## Q.4 Differentiate the following

1 Difference between forest in Brazil and forest in India.

Ans

Question Answer Paper

	Forest in Brazil		Forest in India	
1.	As it gets rain throughout the year has evergreen forests most path of the region In Brazil.	1.	Due to seasonal and moderate rainfall deciduous forests most path of the region in India.	
2.	Brazil has large number of vegetation species in the world.	2.	Compared to Brazil India has less number vegetation species.	
3.	Brazil have grasslands like Savanna and Pampas.	3.	India has Himalayan forest.	
4.	Vegetation like Pau Brasil and Orchid are Found.	4.	Vegetation like teak and sunder are found.	

### Q.5 Give Geographical Reasons

**1** India's population density is high.

Ans i. India occupies nearly 2.41 per cent of the world's total land.

- ii. It has nearly 17.58 per cent of the world's total population.
- iii. Thus, India has comparatively less per cent of the world's total land and more per cent of the world's total population. Therefore, India's density of population is high.
- 2 A wide variety of species of insects is found in Brazil.
- **Ans** i. A greater diversity in wildlife is found in Brazil than any country in the world.
  - ii. In the swampy areas of the Pantanal, huge an anacondas are found.
  - iii. In Brazil, guinea pigs, crocodiles, alligators, monkeys, pumas, leopards, etc. are found.
  - Among the fish varieties, mainly swordfish are found in the seas while pink dolphins and piranhas iv. are found in the rivers.
  - v. Condors which are huge in size and fly high in the sky, various types of parrots, macaws, and flamingoes are the major birds found here.
  - Nillions of insects varieties are also found here. As a result of this varieties, wildlife of Brazil is very vi. rich and diverse.

### Q.6 Answer in detail/ brief(Any One)

1

- Giving example, correlate the climate and population distribution.
- Ans i. Climate directly affect the distribution of population.
  - ii. The area with hot and humid climate has low population e.g. Amazon basin.
  - iii. The climate of semi-arid region also has low population because the climatic conditions are so hostile and there is scarcity of water e.g. desert and rain shadow regions.
  - iv. Hot and humid climate directly influence the Transmission of diseases which affects the human settlements eg. Equatorial regions.
  - V. The temperate climate is the most pleasant climate. Such areas are highly populated e.g. Europe, Sao-Paulo of Brazil.
  - vi. The most unhealthy climate is hot & humid and the most healthy climate is temperate climate.
  - vii. The climate in arctic and Antarctic region is so extreme that human habitation is not possible, even in Canada. The population distribution is so low.
- **2** Explain the similarities and differences between the population distribution in Brazil and India similarities.

Ans i. Both in India and Brazil the distribution of population is uneven.

Δ

ii. In fertile plains and industrial area as the density of population is high. Eg. Ganga plains and eastern coastal main.

iii. The distribution of population is less in desert or rain shadow areas and where the climate is hostile. E.g. their desert and mountainous region in India and Amazon basin and north east coastal plain of Brazil.

#### Difference:

i. India has 2.4% total land of the world and holds 1.75% of world population where as Brazil has 5.6% of the world's total land but holds 2.78% of the world population.

ii. The density of Indian population is 382 persons per sq.km and the density of Brazilian population is only 23 persons per sq.km.

iii. That makes India the second longest populated country in the world and Brazil the fifth largest populated country in the world.